



11 Hope Avenue
Passaic, New Jersey 07055
973-365-5685
Fax: 973-365-5690

Patrick Trentacost
Chief of Department

CITY OF PASSAIC, NEW JERSEY

FIRE DEPARTMENT

The best defense is prevention:

- Drink more fluids (nonalcoholic), regardless of your activity level. Don't wait until you're thirsty to drink. Warning: If your doctor generally limits the amount of fluid you drink or has you on water pills, ask your doctor how much you should drink while the weather is hot.
- Don't drink liquids that contain alcohol or large amounts of sugar—these actually cause you to lose more body fluid. Also, avoid very cold drinks, because they can cause stomach cramps.
- Stay indoors and, if at all possible, stay in an air-conditioned place. If your home does not have air conditioning, go to the shopping mall or public library—even a few hours spent in air conditioning can help your body stay cooler when you go back into the heat.
- Electric fans may provide comfort, but when the temperature is in the high 90s, fans will not prevent heat-related illness. Taking a cool shower or bath, or moving to an air-conditioned place is a much better way to cool off.
- Wear lightweight, light-colored, loose-fitting clothing.
- NEVER leave anyone in a closed, parked vehicle.
- Although any one at any time can suffer from heat-related illness, some people are at greater risk than others. Check regularly on:
 - Infants and young children
 - People aged 65 or older
 - People who have a mental illness
 - Those who are physically ill, especially with heart disease or high blood pressure
- Visit adults at risk at least twice a day and closely watch them for signs of heat exhaustion or heat stroke. Infants and young children, of course, need much more frequent watching.

If you must be out in the heat:

- Limit your outdoor activity to morning and evening hours.
- Cut down on exercise. If you must exercise, drink two to four glasses of cool, nonalcoholic fluids each hour. A sports beverage can replace the salt and minerals you lose in sweat. Warning: If you are on a low-salt diet, talk with your doctor before drinking a sports beverage. Remember the warning in the first "tip" (above), too.

- Try to rest often in shady areas.
- Protect yourself from the sun by wearing a wide-brimmed hat (also keeps you cooler) and sunglasses and by putting on sunscreen of SPF 15 or higher (the most effective products say “broad spectrum” or “UVA/UVB protection” on their labels).

**Practice HEAT SAFETY
Wherever You Are**

Heat related deaths are preventable.
Protect yourself and others from the
impacts of heat waves.

Job Sites
Stay hydrated and
take breaks in the shade
as often as possible.

Indoors
Check up on the
elderly, sick and those
without AC.

Vehicles
Never leave kids or
pets unattended -
LOOK before you LOCK

Outdoors
Limit strenuous outdoor
activities, find shade,
and stay hydrated.

 weather.gov/heat

Visit weather.gov/heat for additional information about the health dangers of heat, learn how to prepare for excessive heat events and what to do during an excessive heat wave.